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NEW QUESTION: 1

Lab Simulation Question - CLI

Central Florida Widgets recently installed a new router in their office. Complete the network installation by performing the initial router configurations and configuring RIPv2 routing using the router command line interface (CLI) on the RC.

Configure the router per the following requirements:

- Name of the router is R2
 - Enable.secret password is cisco
 - The password to access user EXEC mode using the console is cisco2
 - The password to allow telnet access to the router is cisco3
- IPv4 addresses must be configured as follows:
- Ethernet network 209.165.201.0/27 - router has fourth assignable host address in subnet
 - Serial network is 192.0.2.176/28 - router has last assignable host address in the subnet.
 - Interfaces should be enabled.

- Router protocol is RIPv2

Attention:

In practical examinations, please note the following, the actual information will prevail.

1. Name of the router is xxx
2. Enable secret password is xxx
3. Password In access user EXEC mode using the console is xxx
4. The password to allow telnet access to the router is xxx
5. IP information

Answer:

Explanation:

Step 1:

Click on the console host, you will get a pop-up screen CLI of Router.

Router>

Configure the new router as per the requirements provided in Lab question Requirement 1:

Name of the router is R2

Step 2:

To change the hostname of the router to R2 follow the below steps:

Router>

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname R2

R2(config)#

Requirement 2:

Enable secret password is cisco1

Step 3:

To set the enable secret password to cisco1 use the following command

R2(config)#enable secret cisco1

Requirement 3:

The password to access user EXEC mode using the console is cisco2

Step 4:

We need to configure the line console 0 with the password cisco2

Also remember to type login command after setting up the password on line con 0 which allows router to accept logins via console.

R2(config)#line con 0

R2(config-line)#password cisco2

R2(config-line)#login

R2(config-line)#exit

R2(config)#

Requirement 4:

The password to allow telnet access to the router is cisco3

Step 5:

To allow telnet access we need to configure the vty lines 0 4 with the password cisco3 Also remember to type login command after setting up the password on line vty 0 4 which allows

router to accept logins via telnet.

```
R2(config)#line vty 0 4
R2(config-line)#password cisco3
R2(config-line)#login
R2(config-line)#exit
R2(config)#
```

Requirement 5:

(5.1) Ethernet network 209.165.201.0 /27 - Router has the fourth assignable host address in subnet.

(5.2) Serial Network is 192.0.2.176 /28 - Router has the last assignable host address in subnet.

Step 6:

Ethernet network 209.165.201.0 /27 - Router has the fourth assignable host address in subnet.

Ethernet Interface on router R2 is Fast Ethernet 0/0 as per the exhibit First we need to identify the subnet mask Network:

209.165.201.0 /27 Subnet mask: /27: 27 bits = 8 + 8 + 8 + 3
=8(bits).8(bits).8(bits) .11100000 (3bits)

=255.255.255.11100000

=11100000 = 128+64+32+0+0+0+0+0

= 224

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.224

Different subnet networks and there valid first and last assignable host address range for above subnet mask are Subnet

Networks ::::: Valid Host address range ::::: Broadcast address

209.165.201.0 ::::: 209.165.201.1 - 209.165.201.30 :::::

209.165.201.31

209.165.201.32 ::::: 209.165.201.33 - 209.165.201.62 :::::

209.165.201.63

209.165.201.64 ::::: 209.165.201.65 - 209.165.201.94 :::::

209.165.201.95

209.165.201.96 ::::: 209.165.201.97 - 209.165.201.126 :::::

209.165.201.127

209.165.201.128 ::::: 209.165.201.129 - 209.165.201.158 :::::

209.165.201.159

209.165.201.160 ::::: 209.165.201.161 - 209.165.201.190 :::::

209.165.201.191

209.165.201.192 ::::: 209.165.201.193 - 209.165.201.222 :::::

209.165.201.223

209.165.201.224 ::::: 209.165.201.225 - 209.165.201.254 :::::

209.165.201.255 Use above table information for network

209.165.201.0 /27 to identify First assignable host address:

209.165.201.1 Last assignable host address: 209.165.201.30

Fourth assignable host address: 209.165.201.4 This IP address (209.165.201.4) which we need to configure on Fast Ethernet 0/0 of the router using the subnet mask 255.255.255.224

```
R2(config)#interface fa 0/0 R2(config-if)#ip address
```

```
209.165.201.4 255.255.255.224 Requirement 6:
```

To enable interfaces

Use no shutdown command to enable interfaces

```
R2(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
R2(config-if)#exit
```

Step 7:

Serial Network is 192.0.2.176 /28 - Router has the last assignable host address in subnet.

Serial Interface on R2 is Serial 0/0/0 as per the exhibit
First we need to identify the subnet mask

Network: 192.0.2.176 /28

Subnet mask: /28: 28bits = 8bits+8bits+8bits+4bits

=8(bits).8(bits).8(bits) .11110000 (4bits)

=255.255.255.11110000

=11100000 = 128+64+32+16+0+0+0+0

= 240

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.240

Different subnet networks and there valid first and last assignable host address range for above subnet mask are Subnet Networks ::::: Valid Host address ::::: Broadcast address

192.0.2.0 ::::: 192.0.2.1 - 192.0.2.14 ::::: 192.0.2.15

192.0.2.16 ::::: 192.0.2.17 - 192.0.2.30 ::::: 192.0.2.31

192.0.2.32 ::::: 192.0.2.33 - 192.0.2.46 ::::: 192.0.2.47

192.0.2.48 ::::: 192.0.2.49 - 192.0.2.62 ::::: 192.0.2.64

192.0.2.64 ::::: 192.0.2.65 - 192.0.2.78 ::::: 192.0.2.79

192.0.2.80 ::::: 192.0.2.81 - 192.0.2.94 ::::: 192.0.2.95

192.0.2.96 ::::: 192.0.2.97 - 192.0.2.110 ::::: 192.0.2.111

192.0.2.112 ::::: 192.0.2.113 - 192.0.2.126 :::::

192.0.2.127

192.0.2.128 ::::: 192.0.2.129 - 192.0.2.142 :::::

192.0.2.143

192.0.2.144 ::::: 192.0.2.145 - 192.0.2.158 :::::

192.0.2.159

192.0.2.160 ::::: 192.0.2.161 - 192.0.2.174 :::::

192.0.2.175

192.0.2.176 ::::: 192.0.2.177 - 192.0.2.190 :::::

192.0.2.191

and so on

Use above table information for network 192.0.2.176 /28 to identify

First assignable host address: 192.0.2.177

Last assignable host address: 192.0.2.190

We need to configure Last assignable host address (192.0.2.190) on serial 0/0/0 using the subnet mask 255.255.255.240

R2(config)#interface serial 0/0/0 R2(config-if)#ip address

192.0.2.190 255.255.255.240 Requirement 6:

To enable interfaces

Use no shutdown command to enable interfaces

R2(config-if)#no shutdown

R2(config-if)#exit

Requirement 7:

Router protocol is RIPv2

Step 8:

Need to enable RIPv2 on router and advertise its directly connected networks R2(config)#router rip To enable RIP v2 routing protocol on router use the command version 2

R2(config-router)#version 2 Optional: no auto-summary (Since LAB networks do not have discontinuous networks) RIPv2 is

classless, and advertises routes including subnet masks, but it summarizes routes by default.

So the first things we need to do when configuring RIP v2 is turn off auto-summarization with the router command `no auto-summary` if you must perform routing between disconnected subnets.

```
R2 (config-router) # no auto-summary
Advertise the serial 0/0/0 and fast Ethernet 0/0 networks into
RIP v2 using network command R2(config-router)#network
192.0.2.176 R2(config-router)#network 209.165.201.0
R2(config-router)#end Step 9:
Important please do not forget to save your running-config to
startup-config R2# copy running-config startup-config
```

NEW QUESTION: 2

You are developing an application.

The application contains the following code segment (line numbers are included for reference only):

When you run the code, you receive the following error message: "Cannot implicitly convert type 'object' to 'int'. An explicit conversion exists (are you missing a cast?)." You need to ensure that the code can be compiled.

Which code should you use to replace line 05?

- A. `var2 = ((List<int>)array1) [0];`
- B. `var2 = (int) array1 [0];`
- C. `var2 = array1[0] is int;`
- D. `var2 = array1[0].Equals(typeof(int));`

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION: 3

Refer to the exhibit.

An administrator is setting up the VSM and VEM in Layer 3 mode. The administrator adds a host to the distributed switch in VMware, but does not see the module join the VSM. Given the configuration in the exhibit, which configuration needs to be included?

- A. `ip route vrf management 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.10.10.1`
- B. `vrf context control ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.10.10.1`
- C. `vrf context management ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.10.10.1`
- D. `ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.10.10.1`

Answer: D

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